Generating Water Characteristic Curves of Soils at OSU CBARC Moro and Pendleton



Sydney Cave

Objective

• Determine soil water characteristic curves, soil moisture release curves.

Main Research Questions

- What do water measurements mean for the plants (i.e. permanent wilting point, field capacity)?
- Establish baseline water release curves for the Pendleton and Moro REACCH sites.
- Establish lab protocol to develop water release curves using the Hyprop and WP4C.

Impacts of my Research

- This research can be applied to:
 - Farmers, Policy Makers, Ag. Industry folks etc.
- Why someone would care about this information:
 - Know appropriate watering
 - Know permanent wilting point on plots

Most Pertinent Literature

Schindler, U., W. Durner, G. Von Unold, and L. Müller. "Evaporation Method for Measuring Unsaturated Hydraulic Properties of Soils: Extending the Measurement Range." *Soil Science Society of America Journal* 74.4 (2010): 1071. Print.

Location

Pendleton



Long Term Experiment

Location

Moro



Long Term Experiment

Materials and Methods for Hyprop

- Hyprop is used to measure water potential in the wet end.
 - Uses two tensiometers to measure the water potential.

• Fill the sensor unit to start the degassing process.



Gather a soil sample from a plot.



• Saturate the soil for 24 hours.



• Drill the holes in the soil sample for the tensiometers.







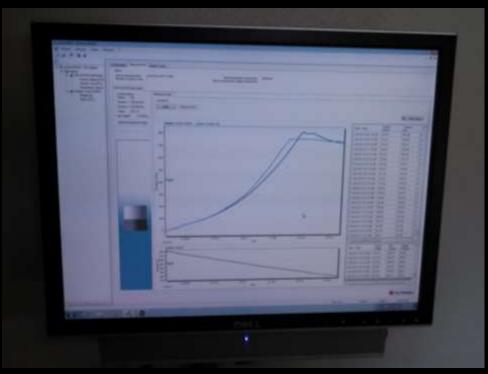


• Place the sample ring with the soil sample on the sensor unit.



 Place the soil sample on the balance and, with all the connections going to the computer, begin the campaign.





Method for WP4C

• Produces the points for the moisture characteristic curve in the dry range.

• Place the soil in the oven overnight.





• Put the soil through a 2 mm sieve and place back in the tin.



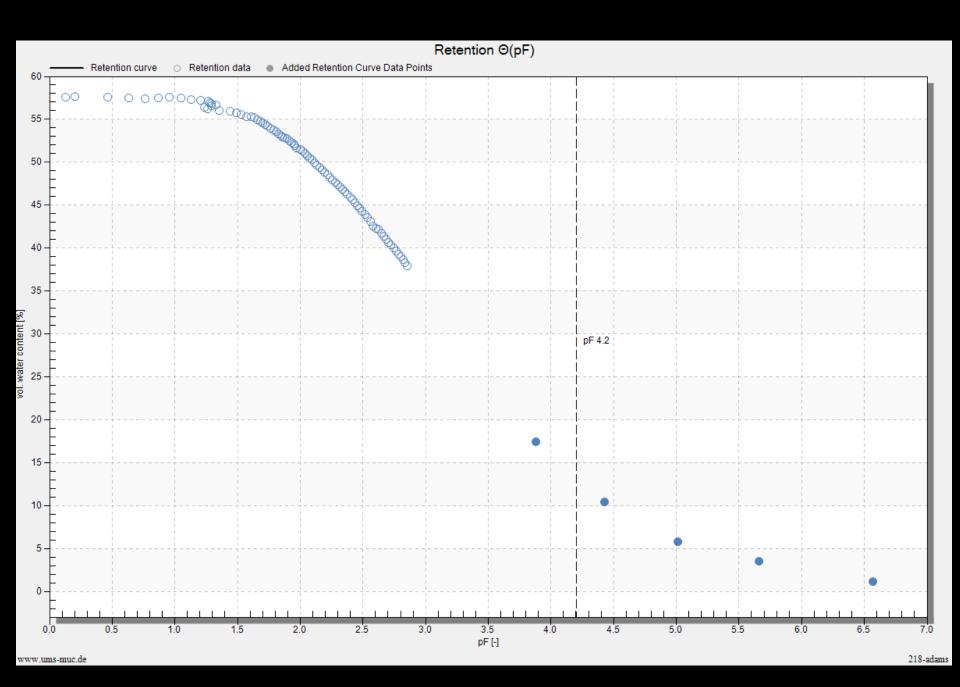
 Place 2.5 grams of the ground soil into a sample cup and then add moisture in the sample cups.





• Run the sample cups through the WP4C.





Pieces of Research

Conclusion:

 Being able to get a water release curve with the information from the Hyprop and WP4C in the LTE plots.

Recommendations:

- Vacuum pump.
- Limitations:
 - Time, lack of knowledge with machines.

Ethical Implications or Issues

Ending the campaign early with the Hyprop.

Acknowledgements

- Dr. Stephen Machado
- Mr. Larry Pritchett
- REACCH Project
- Decagon Devices

References

- Schindler, U., W. Durner, G. Von Unold, and L. Müller. "Evaporation Method for Measuring Unsaturated Hydraulic Properties of Soils: Extending the Measurement Range." *Soil Science Society of America Journal* 74.4 (2010): 1071. Print.
- Peters, A., and W. Durner. "Simplified Evaporation Method for Determining Soil Hydraulic Properties." *Journal of Hydrology* 356.1-2 (2008): 147-62. Print.
- Hartge, K. H., and B. A. Stewart. *Soil Structure: Its Development and Function*. Boca Raton: CRC, Lewis, 1995. Print.
- Rendig, Victor V., and H. M. Taylor. *Principles of Soil-plant Interrelationships*. New York: McGraw-Hill, 1989. Print.